# sprintf

WMPRO, WMMINI FW >= 1.0 WMMEGA FW >= 2.0

Return a formatted string

## Description

# string sprintf ( string \$format [, mixed \$values ... ] )

This function will return a **string** produced according to the **format string** using the passed **values**. The **format string** is composed of literal text and/or conversion specifiers. Each conversion specifier fetches one parameter from the **values**.

#### Parameters

\$format: A string with literal text and/or Conversion Specifiers

\$values: Integer, float or string values to be used to produce the formatted string

#### **Return Values**

Formatted **string** with all supported conversion specifiers replaced with the converted value

## **Conversion Specifiers**

A conversion specification sequence consists of a % character followed by one or more of these options in order ending with the required Conversion Type Character:

- 1. **Sign:** Optional + (to be used on a number). By default, only the sign is used on a number if it's negative. This specifier forces positive numbers to have the + sign attached as well.
- 2. **Padding:** Optional 0 to pad results with zeroes (to be used on a number with a specified Width). The default is to pad with spaces.
- 3. Alignment: Optional for left-justified. The default is right-justified.
- 4. **Width:** Optional integer string, which specifies the minimum number of characters for this conversion.
- 5. **Precision:** Optional in the form of a period . followed by an integer string that specifies how many decimal digits should be displayed for floating-point numbers. When using this specifier on a string, it acts as a cutoff point, setting a maximum character limit to the string.
- 6. **Conversion Type:** Required case-sensitive character which specifies how to format the passed values:

Conversion Type Character	Parameter Value Type	Description of Returned Conversion
С	Int	The character with that ASCII value
d	Int	A (possibly signed) decimal number
f	Float	A floating-point number
S	String	A string
Х	Int	A hexadecimal number (with uppercase letters)
%	(none)	A literal percentage character

Any text in the **format string** which is not part of a conversion specification sequence (starting with % and ending with a Conversion Type Character) will be placed into the returned **string** as literal text, unchanged.

## Notes

The mainline PHP specification for this function can be found at http://php.net/manual/en/function.sprintf.php and is useful for further information. However, the uPHP implementation does not currently support all of the options mentioned there.

# See Also

printf() - Print a formatted string to standard output

From: http://www.wattmon.com/dokuwiki/ - Wattmon Documentation Wiki

Permanent link: http://www.wattmon.com/dokuwiki/uphp/functions/sprintf



